Dating cartes-de-visite

Do you have undated Victorian cartes-de-visite in your family album and you do not know how to identify them? The spreadsheet below will give you a general overview of popular styles and trends in the design, composition and fashions of British cartes-de-visite from the 1850s to 1900s. Analysing the information in and on your cartes may help you date them.

When dating your cartes-de-visite, always compare at least three different characteristics listed below (for example: card colour, fashion and design of the back of the card). And remember: there are always exceptions to the rule!

Decade	Card Thickness	Card Colour	Corners and Edges	Design of the Front	Design of the Back	Fashion and Composition
1850s	thinnest	- cream - white - off-white	- square corners	- no writing	- empty or - small text - small crest	 full length portraits some vignette plain backdrops painted backdrops: pillars or drapery women's fashion: leg-of-mutton sleeves, wide skirts (but not as round as a full crinoline)
1860s	thinner	- cream - white - off-white	square cornersscalloped edges	 minimal writing one or two thin red lines around print 	 empty or small text small crest small decorations (cherubs, medals, camera, lion) 	 full length portraits some vignette plain backdrops painted backdrops: mock drawing-room interior (a painted window, doorway or arch) props: pillars, balustrades women's fashion: crinoline dresses (round hoop)

Decade	Card Thickness	Card Colour	Corners and Edges	Design of the Front	Design of the Back	Fashion and Composition
1870s	thin	- cream - white - off-white - light colours	rounded cornersgold edges	plain simple textgold print	 larger and more decorative text decorations (medals, photographer's studio building, patrons etc) 	 half-length and seated poses more common painted backgrounds: outdoor and parkland scenes props: fences and stiles women's fashion: bustle dresses (flat front, rounder behind) with a short train
1880s	thick	- cream - white - off-white - light colours - dark colours (green, red)	- rounded corners - some scalloped edges - gold edges	- cursive text - larger text - gold text	 text and decorations covering entire back (royal patronage, medals won at international competitions, and facilities such as 'electric light') decorations (pictorial images of birds, plants, nymphs, bamboo, Japanese parasols) gilding 	 painted backgrounds: outdoor, parkland scenes, with fences and stiles props: ivy-covered tree stumps, rocks for the sitter to sit on props: sand, rocks, driftwood and sides of boats props: bicycles women's fashion: corsets, tight sleeves and high necks, layered and draped skirts (often with an 'apron' front and a trained back)

Decade	Card Thickness	Card Colour	Corners and Edges	Design of the Front	Design of the Back	Fashion and Composition
1890s	thicker	- ivory - light colours - dark colours (black, dark green)	- rounded corners	- larger text	 text and decorations covering entire back decorations gilding many different decorations (cherubs, bulrushes, Chinese fans and swallows) 	 close-up portraits of the head and shoulders only props: oriental screens, mirrors on stands, potted plants, bamboo and wicker furniture vignette women's fashion: plainer skirt with smaller bustle, train. Very small waists (boned bodices). Blouses with stiffened high necks. Leg-of-mutton sleeves
1900s	thicker	creamwhiteoff-whitelightcoloursdarkcolours	rounded cornerssquare corners	larger texttexturedletteringplainer	 text and decorations covering entire back decorations gilding 	 close-up portraits of the head and shoulders only props: oriental screens, mirrors on stands, potted plants, bamboo and wicker furniture vignette women's fashion: ruffle, button and lace decorations, high necks, fitted bodice but no corset. Regular long sleeves or long double sleeves (long sleeve with a separate cuff attached)

Useful publications and websites

Samples of the design of carte-de-visite:

• EdinPhoto, 2015. Carte-de-visite by Date: http://www.edinphoto.org.uk/0 CAR/0 cartes de visite 0 by date backs.htm. [Accessed 29 August 2015]

Photographers:

Establishing when and where the photographer had his/her studio is a great way of dating your cartes. Here are some useful links:

- The University of St Andrews, 2015. *Scottish Photographers 1839-1870:* http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/imu/imu.php? request=browse&irn=1655. [Accessed 29 August 2015]
- Photographers of Great Britain and Ireland, 2015. Photographers' biographies: http://www.cartedevisite.co.uk/photographers-category/ [Accessed 29 August 2015]
- PhotoLondon, nd. The Database of 19th Century Photographers and Allied Trades in London, 1841-1901: http://www.photolondon.org.uk/pages/az.asp. [Accessed 29 August 2015]
- Hannavy, John (ed.), 2007. Encyclopaedia of Nineteenth-Century Photography, Volumes 1 & 2. London: Routledge

Posing and backdrops:

- Linkman, Audrey, 1993. The Victorians: Photographic Portraits. London: I.B. Tauris
- Batchen, Geoffrey, 2008. 'Dreams of Ordinary Life: Cartes-de-visite and the Bourgeois Imagination,' in J. J. Long et al. *Photography: Theoretical Snapshots*. London: Routledge

Fashion:

- Victoria & Albert Museum, nd. *Victorian Dress at the V&A:* http://www.vam.ac.uk/content/articles/v/victorian-dress-at-v-and-a/ [Accessed 29 August 2015]
- Gernsheim, Alison, 2012. Victorian and Edwardian Fashion: A Photographic Survey. New York: Dover Publications
- Lansdell, Avril, 1985. Fashion à la carte, 1860-1900: a study of fashion through cartes-de-visite. Oxford: Shire Publications